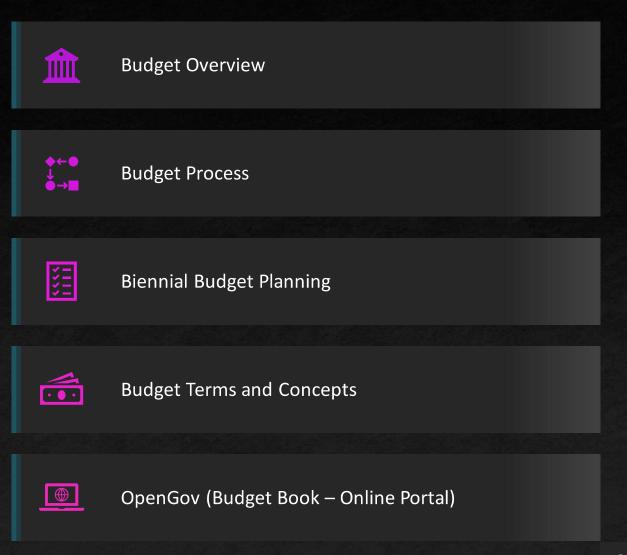


Presentation Outline



PAGE 2

City of Oakland's Budget Cycle?

- Two fiscal-year (biennial) budget cycle.
- Fiscal Year (FY) begins on July 1 and ends on June 30.

Why a Two-Year Budget?

- To improve the City's long-term planning
- Enhance funding stability
- Create greater efficiency in the budget development process.

When is the Year-Two of the Budget Amended?

- Appropriations are divided into two one-year spending plans.
- Toward the end of the first year of the two-year budget cycle, a midcycle budget review is conducted.
- Midcycle addresses variances in estimated revenues and expenditures, and other changes that may have impacted the City's financial condition.

How are Revenues and Expenditures Determined?

- Two principal types of data: projected revenues and planned expenditures.
- Categorized by type (e.g. property tax, sales tax, business tax, permit fees, etc.).
- Restricted or non-restricted e.g., Measure Q and Measure D funds are restricted funds.
- Expenditures can be divided by type (e.g. salaries, retirement contributions, debt service, supplies, capital projects, etc.)
- Personnel or O&M (operations and maintenance) expenses.

How are Revenues and Expenditures Tracked and Accounted For?

- Financial resources are in different "funds." For example, Measure Q (Fund 2241) and Measure D (Fund 2243) parcel tax revenue collected from property owners for Library services are held in a different funds.
- The largest City fund is the General Purpose Fund (Fund 1010). General Purpose Fund revenues are generally unrestricted and include most taxes.

What about Capital?

- Proposed Capital Improvement Program (CIP).
- The CIP guides the City's long-term, strategic decisions regarding the construction, repair and replacement of the City's assets including libraries, public safety facilities, sewers, recreation & parks, and transportation and street improvements.
- The Proposed Budget and the Proposed CIP are later finalized as the Adopted Policy Budget and the Adopted Capital Improvement Program.

Budget Process

Budget Development

✓ Nov-Dec: Baseline Budget Development

✓ Jan-Feb: Department Budget Development

✓ Feb-Mar: Five-Year Financial Forecast

✓ Feb-Mar: Budget Office Analysis

✓ Feb-Mar: Internal Budget Hearings

✓ Feb-Mar: Community and Council Input

✓ Mar-Aprl: Proposed Budget Finalized

✓ May-Jun: Community Input

Budget Adoption

√ May-June: Council Deliberations

✓ June: Council Budget Adoption

Budget Process

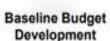
Budget Planning

Terms and Concepts

OpenGov

The Budget Process







Budget Priorities Poll



Department Proposals



Budget Priorities Poll Results



Council Priorities Workshop



Five-Year Forecast Released

September Deadline for **Community Budget** Council **Final Policy** Direct Mayor's Council President's Budget **Community Grant** Proposed Forums & Police **Priorities Decisions** from Mayor List Released Budget **Commission Hearing** Budget Adoption Due

Budget Planning



5-Year Financial Forecast

Helps make informed budgetary and operational decisions by:-

Anticipating future revenue and expenditures

Highlighting anticipated fiscal risks and opportunities.



Revenue Forecast

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Anticipates changes in revenues triggered by:-

New economic development, economic growth, changes in the levels of service, changes in govt. policies at the state or federal level, and various economic & demographic changes.



Expenditure Forecast

Begins with the Baseline Budget (maintains current level of services and all unavoidable costs). Baseline modified to reflect changes to programs and services recommended by CAO and Mayor as part of the Proposed Budget.

Budget Planning Terms and Concepts OpenGov PAGE 8



Budget Terms & Concepts

- **Budget & Fiscal Years**
- Revenues
- Expenditures
- Funds
- Fund Balance
- Internal Service Funds
- Department and Organization Structures
- Budget Balancing
- Financial Reports and Actuals

Terms and Concepts OpenGov F-18A - Library - Dept. Page - Adopted FY22-23

(opengov.com)

OpenGov Online Platform

- In an effort to increase transparency, the City is utilizing the OpenGov platform to present its entire budget in an online interactive website.
- Most tables and graphs on the platform allow the reader to drill-down, pivot, and even extract budget data.
- The OpenGov platform will support the public monitoring of the City's finances, including analyzing its spending and revenue-generating trends.

Budget Overviewl Budget Process Terms and Concepts OpenGov PAGE 10

